

Centre for Aerospace & Defence Laws (CADL)
DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION
NALSAR UNIVERSITY OF LAW, HYDERABAD

M.A. (Security & Defence Laws)

Academic Year: 2023-2024

Third Semester Repeat Examination (June, 2024)

**Paper III – 2.3.11. Aviation, Space and Maritime Security
Laws**

Duration of the Examination: 2 ½ hours

Total Marks : 70 marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- a) Read the instructions carefully and adhere to the same.
 - b) Please mention your DDE ID No., date of the exam, name of the programme & subject on the Answer Sheet and the Additional Answer Sheets, if any.
 - c) The questions to be interpreted as given and no clarification can be sought from the Invigilator.
 - d) Clearly indicate the question numbers while answering them. Answers without question numbers / wrong question numbers will not be evaluated.
 - e) Write the answers clearly and neatly. Answers in illegible handwriting will not be taken into consideration.
 - f) Candidates are prohibited to carry phones or any other electronic devices, books, material etc. in the Examination Hall.
 - g) Copying is strictly prohibited and is considered as a serious academic misconduct and the University will take action as it deems fit.
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Section – A

Answer FIVE questions out of SEVEN questions and each question carries 10 marks.
(5 x 10 marks = 50 marks)

1. What are the key aviation security regulations in India, and how do they ensure the safety and security of passengers, crew, and aircraft operations within the country's aviation sector?
2. Under the Anti-Hijacking Act 2016, does Section 7's jurisdiction extend to individuals committing hijacking outside India's territory, and how does this provision impact the legal response to hijacking incidents involving Indian nationals or interests abroad?

3. What role does the United Nations play in formulating the rules of international space law, and how has its involvement contributed to the development of legal frameworks governing activities in outer space?
4. Given India's fragmented approach to space-related activities, how does the Draft Space Activities Bill, 2017 aim to address the existing gaps and provide a comprehensive legal framework for regulating space endeavours in India? Evaluate the potential impact of this proposed legislation on promoting innovation, ensuring national security, and fostering international cooperation in India's space sector.
5. Discuss the significance and implications of the Moon Agreement of 1979 in the context of international space law. How does this agreement address issues of lunar resource exploitation, ownership, and environmental protection, and what challenges have arisen in its implementation and acceptance among spacefaring nations?
6. Explain the key maritime laws in India, detailing their scope, provisions, and implications for maritime activities, including shipping, navigation, trade, and environmental protection in Indian waters.
7. Imagine a scenario where two neighbouring countries dispute their maritime boundaries in an area rich in natural resources. Using principles outlined in the Law of the Sea Convention, analyse the legal framework and potential solutions for resolving this dispute while balancing both countries' interests and international legal obligations.

Section – B

Answer FOUR questions out of SIX questions and each question carries 05 marks. (4 x 5 marks = 20 marks)

- A. What are the theories of Airspace Sovereignty?
- B. What are the problems relating to aviation security?
- C. Name some important conventions relating to aviation security.
- D. How is space law defined?
- E. Define the non-appropriation principle in space law.
- F. What are the maritime security challenges in India?